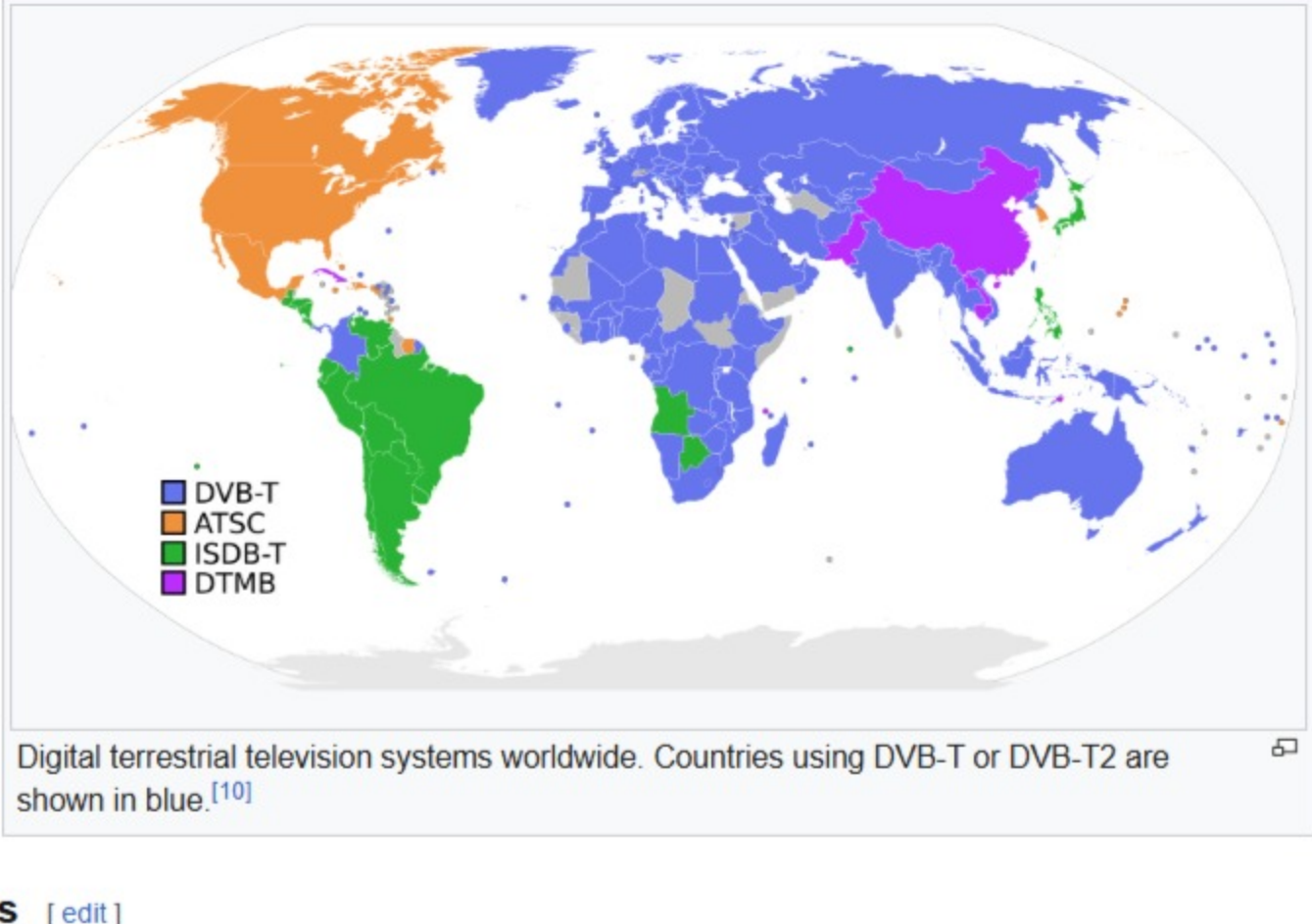


Countries and territories using DVB-T or DVB-T2 [[edit](#)]



Americas [[edit](#)]

- Colombia** (decided on 28 August 2008)^[11] (Uses DVB-T/H.264/MPEG-4 for SD and HD since 2011)^[12]
- Greenland** (Nuuk TV[?])
- French Guiana**
- Panama** (decided on 12 May 2009)^[13] (uses DVB-T/MPEG-2 for SD and DVB-T/H.264/MPEG-4 for HD transmissions.)
- Saint-Pierre and Miquelon**
- Falkland Islands** (In 2008 KTV Ltd. implemented DVB-T, 64QAM, 7/8, 1/32, MPEG2 for both SD and HD transmissions)^{[*citation needed*][14]}

Europe [[edit](#)]

- Albania** (uses **MPEG-2** for SD and **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for HD transmissions).
- Andorra**
- Armenia**
- Austria** (transition to **DVB-T2**)
- Azerbaijan**
- Belgium** (uses DVB-T **MPEG-2** and DVB-T2 **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**)
- Belarus** (uses DVB-T **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for SD and HD transmission and **DVB-T2** for pay SD and HD transmissions)
- Bosnia and Herzegovina**
- Bulgaria** (**H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**, FEC=2/3, guard interval – 1/4, 64 QAM. Official simulcast started in March 2013, full switch has been done on 30 September 2013.)^{[15][16]}
- Croatia** From 2020 the transmission is on DVB-T2 **H.265/HEVC** with HD **1080p50** – see Television in Croatia
- Czech Republic** (**MPEG-2**, DVB-T2 **HEVC** **H.265** started in 2017)
- Cyprus** (**H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** video)
- Denmark** (uses **H.264/AVC** for SD and HD transmissions. See DVB-T in Denmark.)
- Estonia** (uses **H.264/AVC** video for SD, **DVB-T2** with **H.264/AVC** for HD. Additional **DVB-T2** mux with **H.265/HEVC** for HD.)
- Faroe Islands**
- Finland**
- France** (uses **H.264/AVC** for free HD, pay SD and pay HD transmissions. See Digital terrestrial television#France.)
- Germany** (partly still DVB-T **MPEG-2**, SD only; since 2016 transition to DVB-T2 **H.265/HEVC** with HD **1080p50** – see Television in Germany)
- Georgia**
- Greece** Both providers Digea[?] and ERT[?] use **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**)
- Hungary** (branded MinDigTV[?], uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** video exclusively.)
- Iceland**^[17]
- Ireland** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for HD and SD transmissions, see Saorview)
- Italy** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for SD and HD, alongside some limited **HEVC** adoption). **MPEG-2** phased out in December 2022. Transition to **DVB-T2** not precisely specified as of 2023.
- Latvia** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**)
- Lithuania** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**)
- Luxembourg** (uses DVB-T **MPEG-2** for SD and **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for HD)
- Malta**
- Moldova** (uses **MPEG-2**. **H.264/AVC** is being tested.)
- Montenegro**
- Netherlands** (uses **DVB-T2**, operated by Digitenne)
- North Macedonia** (**DVB-T** in North Macedonia)
- Norway** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for SD and HD transmissions)
- Poland** (uses **DVB-T2** with **HEVC**, except MUX3, belonging to state-owned **TVP**, which still is allowed to use **H.264/AVC** video for SD and HD transmissions until the end of 2023; see DVB-T in Poland)
- Portugal** (uses **H.264/AVC** video;)
- Romania** DVB-T was only used experimentally in two cities, and is being phased out. The official terrestrial broadcasting standard in Romania is **DVB-T2**, and implementations started in 2015.
- Russia** (uses **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC**^[18])
- Serbia** (uses DVB-T2 **H.264/AVC**^[19])
- Slovakia** (uses **MPEG-2** for SD and **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** for HD, testing **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC**)
- Slovenia** (uses **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC** video since 2007. See DVB-T in Slovenia)
- Spain** (uses DVB-T **H.264/MPEG-4** for HD transmissions.)
- Sweden** (uses **MPEG-2** and **H.264/MPEG-4 AVC**) for SD, and **DVB-T2** with **H.264/AVC** for SD and HD transmissions. See DVB-T in Sweden.)
- Switzerland** (one regional DVB-T station remaining. Terrestrial national TV broadcasting restored using DVB-T2 near Austria, soon near France)^[20]
- Turkey** (uses **DVB-T2**. Broadcasting license only given to state owned **TRT** channels.^{[21][22]})
- UK** (uses DVB-T **MPEG-2** for SD and **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC** for HD transmissions plus three SD channels (**5Select**, **TBN UK** and **U&Eden**^[23]). See DVB-T in United Kingdom.)
- Ukraine** (uses **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC** for all nationwide broadcasts)

Oceania [[edit](#)]

- Australia** (mostly uses **MPEG-2** for SD transmissions and **H.264/AVC** for HD transmissions, refer to this list of digital television channels in Australia)
- New Zealand** (uses **MPEG-4/H.264** video; see Freeview New Zealand)
- Fiji**
- Papua New Guinea**
- Solomon Islands**
- Vanuatu**
- Kiribati**
- Nauru**
- Samoa**
- Tonga**
- Tuvalu**
- Niue**
- Cook Islands**
- French Polynesia**
- Wallis and Futuna**

Asia [[edit](#)]

- Afghanistan** (uses DVB-T2 **MPEG-4** launched April 2015)^[24]
- Bahrain** (in assessment)^[25]
- Bangladesh** (Announced)^[26]
- Bhutan** (uses DVB-T2)
- India** (uses **MPEG-2** for SD and **MPEG-4** for HD transmissions)
- Indonesia** (adopted **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC**^[27] on 2 February 2012)^[28]
- Iran** (uses DVB-T **MPEG-4/H.264/AAC** SD :720x576i HD :1920x1080i); since 2020 transition to DVB-T2 **H.265/HEVC** with HD **1080p50** – see Television in Iran)
- Iraq** (started in Kurdistan region-Iraq by MIX Media 31 December 2011 uses **MPEG-4**)
- Israel** (uses **MPEG-4/H.264** video)
- Jordan**^[25]
- Kuwait** (will use DVB-T2)^[29]
- Kyrgyzstan** (DVB-T2)^[30]
- Lebanon**^[25]
- Malaysia** (7 DVB-T channels across 2 transponders during trial, final system uses DVB-T2 nationwide, 17 TV channels and 14 radio channels across 2 transponders in UHF, analog shutdown on 31 Oct 2019. Uses **H.264** video and **AAC** audio)
- Mongolia** (uses DVB-T2)
- Myanmar**
- North Korea** (uses DVB-T2, trial began on 2012)^{[31][32]}
- Oman** (in assessment)^[25]
- Palestine** (in assessment)^[*citation needed*]
- Qatar**^[33]
- Singapore** (4 DVB-T Channels on 1 January 2007 and 7 DVB-T2 Channels on 13 December 2013)
- Saudi Arabia**^[25]
- Syria** (using DVB-T, **MPEG-2** and **MPEG-4**.)^[25]
- Taiwan** (uses DVB-T/**MPEG-2** for SD and DVB-T/H.264/**MPEG-4** for HD transmissions)
- Tajikistan** (DVB-T2)^[34]
- Thailand** (uses **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC** with **HE-AAC** codec for both SD and HD transmissions launched on April 1, 2014)
- Vietnam** (uses **DVB-T2 H.264/AVC** for both SD and HD transmissions)
- United Arab Emirates**^[25]
- Uzbekistan**
- Yemen**^[25]

Africa [[edit](#)]

- Algeria**
- Angola** (Will be using **ISDB-T**)
- Benin**
- Botswana** (Will be using **ISDB-T**)
- Burundi**
- Cameroon**
- Cape Verde**
- C.A.R.**
- Chad**
- Comoros** (Experimental **DTMB**)
- D.R. Congo**
- Congo**
- Djibouti**
- Egypt**
- Equatorial Guinea**
- Gabon**
- Gambia**
- Ghana**
- Ivory Coast**
- Kenya** (Will use **DVB-T2 MPEG-4**)
- Lesotho**
- Libya**
- Madagascar** (Will use **DVB-T2** on paid network)
- Malawi**
- Mali**
- Mauritania**
- Mauritius**
- Morocco**
- Mozambique**
- Namibia**
- Niger**
- Nigeria**
- Rwanda** (is already using DVB-T/**MPEG-4** and will soon migrate to **DVB-T2**)
- Sao Tome and Principe**
- Senegal**
- Seychelles**
- Sierra Leone**
- South Africa** (will use **DVB-T2**, after briefly considering **ISDB-T**)^{[35][36]}
- Sudan**
- Swaziland**
- Tanzania**
- Togo**
- Tunisia** (experimental)
- Uganda**
- Zambia**

Countries and territories are available in DVB-T [[edit](#)]

Americas [[edit](#)]

- Aruba**
- Curaçao**
- Bonaire**
- Sint Maarten**
- Saba**
- Sint Eustatius**
- Cayman Islands**
- Montserrat** (Experimental **ISDB-T**)

Europe [[edit](#)]

- Kosovo**

Oceania [[edit](#)]

- Tokelau**
- Christmas Island**
- Norfolk Island**

Asia [[edit](#)]

- Philippines** (Particularly **Batanes**, southern **Palawan**, **Davao Occidental** and **Tawi-Tawi**)
- Turkmenistan** (Only available in Ashgabat)

Africa [[edit](#)]

- Guinea**
- Guinea-Bissau**
- Liberia**